Safety Data Sheet

SDS meets the Great Britain (GB) CLP Regulation and UK REACH
Date of Issue: 10/19/2026 **Version # 0**

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

1.1 Product Identifier
Product Name: Mechanic in a Bottle
Synonym: None
EC No. Mixture
CAS No. Mixture
GB REACH Registration No. Mixture
UFI Number: None
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.
Relevant identified uses: Fuel system treatment.
Uses advised against: **THIS STABILIZER IS FOR GASOLINE AND DIESEL ENGINES ONLY**

1.2 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

B3C Fuel Solutions LLC.
108 Daytona Street
Conway, SC 29526
+1-843-347-0482
E-mail: Jeremy.Barrow@b3cfuel.com

1.2.1 Details of the GB representative for the safety data sheet:
Acme-Tools LTD.
E2 Upper Terme Valley Business Park
Clee Hill Road, Burford, Tenbury Wells,
Shropshire, United Kingdom WR15 8HR
+44 (03300) 431914
Email: nick@acme-tools.co.uk

1.3: Emergency Telephone Numbers:

International Emergency Telephone Number: +1-703-527-3887

1.4 In-Country Emergency Telephone Numbers

County	Greeting Language	City	Local number Toll-Free number
Ireland	English	Dublin	353-19104670
United Kingdom	English	London	44-2038073798 and 44-870-8200418

1.4.1 In an emergency following exposure to a chemical, you should telephone 111, a free-to-call single non-emergency number medical helpline operating in England, Scotland, and Wales.

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification according to GB CLP Regulation.

Flammable liquid Category 4, Eye Irritation Category 2A. Skin Irritation Category 2, Acute Toxicity Oral Category 4, Acute Toxicity Dermal Category 3, Acute Toxicity Inhalation Category 4, STOT Single Exposure Category 3, Aspiration Hazard Category 1, Aquatic Chronic Category 3

2.2 Labeling according to GB CLP Regulation. Hazard Pictograms

Health Hazard Toxic Irritant

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:
H227: Combustible liquid.
H302: Harmful if swallowed.
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters the airway.
H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H332: Harmful if inhaled
H335: May cause respiratory irritation

Environmental statements:
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:
P102: Keep out of reach of children.
P203: Obtain special instructions before use. READ SDS BEFORE USE.
P210: Keep away from sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources- no smoking.
P260: Do not breathe mist and vapor.
P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P270: Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273: Avoid release to the environment.
P280: Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye protection.

Response Statements:
P301 +P310+ P331: IF SWALLOWED, immediately call a poison center or doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN, take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304+P340: IF INHALED. Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+ P338+P351: IF IN EYES. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, and do so easily. Continue rinsing.
P310: IF EXPOSED, CALL PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY.
P313+P332: If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention.
P313+P337: If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.
P330: Rinse mouth.
P361+P364: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378: In a fire, use foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical to extinguish the fire.
P391: Collect spillage

Storage Statements:
P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405: Store locked up.

Disposal Statements:
P501: Dispose of content and container following local, regional, national, or international regulations.

Section 3- Composition / Information on Ingredients

3.1 Mixture

Components	Index No.	EC No.	CAS No.	Registration No.	GB CLP Classification	Concen-tration	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors, and ATEs
2-butoxyethanol	603-014-00-0	203-905-0	111-76-2	Below tonnage requirements	Acute Tox. 4 H302; Acute Tox. 3 H311; Skin Irrit. 2 H315; Eye Irrit. 2 H319; Acute Tox. 4 H331	85-100	Oral: ATE = 1200 mg/kg bw
Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl	None shown	277-452-2	73398-61-5	Below tonnage requirements	Not Classified	1-5	None Shown
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	None shown	204-881-4	128-37-0	Below tonnage requirements	Not Classified	1-5	None Shown
methyl-1H-benzotriazole	613-351-00-5	249-596-6	29385-43-1	Below tonnage requirements	Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	0.1-1	None Shown
2-dimethylamino-ethanol	603-047-00-0	203-542-8	108-01-0	Below tonnage requirements	Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Acute Tox. 4 H302; Acute Tox. 4 H312; Skin Corr. 1B H314; Acute Tox. 4 H332	0.1-1	STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 5 %
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	601-043-00-3	202-436-9	95-63-6	Below tonnage requirements	Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Skin Irrit. 2 H315; Eye Irrit. 2 H319; STOT SE 3 H335; Acute Tox. 4 H332; Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	0.1-1	None Shown
Mesitylene	601-025-00-5	203-604-4	108-67-8	Below tonnage requirement	Flam. Liq. 3 H226; STOT SE 3 unknown H335; Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	0.1-1	STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 25 %
Xylene	601-022-00-9	203-625-9	1330-20-7	Below tonnage requirement	Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Acute Tox. 4 dermal H312; Skin Irrit. 2 H315; E; Acute Tox. 4 H332	0.1-1	None Shown
Cumene	601-024-00-X	202-704-5	98-82-8	Below tonnage requirement	Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Asp. Tox. 1 H304; STOT SE 3 H335; Carc. 1B H350; Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	0.1-1	None Shown
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	601-043-00-3	208-394-8	526-73-8	Below tonnage requirement	None Shown	0.1-1	None Shown

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

General information: Ensure medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Inhalation: If inhaled, Symptoms may include headache, nausea, dizziness, drowsiness, and confusion. Remove the victim to fresh air and keep them at rest, in a comfortable position for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact: If on the skin, Symptoms include pain, redness, and swelling. Flush skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid immediately. Wash clothing before reusing it.

Eye contact: If in the eyes, Symptoms include sores, red eyes, and tearing. Flush the eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Ingestion: If swallowed, Symptoms may include coughing, choking, shortness of breath, difficulty or rapid breathing, and wheezing. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical aid immediately.

The most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

4.2 Acute Health Hazards (Short-Term Exposure)

- **Irritation:** Causes severe eye irritation and skin irritation. Inhalation irritates the nose and throat and causes coughing.
- **Systemic Effects:** Inhalation or ingestion can cause headaches, dizziness, lightheadedness, confusion, and passing out.
- **Severe Exposure:** High exposure can cause hemolytic anemia (destruction of red blood cells), metabolic acidosis, low blood pressure, and blood in the urine.

4.3 Chronic Health Hazards (Long-Term Exposure)

- **Organ Damage:** Repeated or prolonged exposure may damage the liver, kidneys, and spleen.
- **Reproductive Hazard:** There is limited evidence that it may damage the male reproductive system (lowered sperm count) and affect fertility in animals.
- **Carcinogenicity:** It is listed as a confirmed animal carcinogen (causing liver/forestomach tumors in mice), with debate regarding its risk to humans.

4.4 Note to Physicians: If you determine that a medical emergency exists. The specific chemical identity is necessary for emergency or first-aid treatment and will be disclosed immediately. Call CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887. We will require a written statement of need and confidentiality agreement as soon as circumstances permit. In non-emergency situations, we will, upon written request, disclose a specific chemical identity.

Section 5 - Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.2 Unsuitable Extinguishing Media
Do not use a solid stream of water, as it may scatter and spread the fire.

5.3 Water Usage: Use water spray to cool closed containers exposed to fire to prevent rupture, but be aware that water spray may be ineffective for direct extinguishment. Water can be used to dilute spills and flush them away from fire exposure.

5.4 Specific Hazards Arising from the Product
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID. Combustible liquid; vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to ignition sources. Containers may explode when heated. Vapor is heavier than air and may travel a considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to a leak or open container. Liquid can float on water, travel to distant locations, and spread fire. During a fire, irritating and toxic substances, such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and aromatic hydrocarbons, may be generated depending on fire conditions. Vapors can accumulate in confined spaces, resulting in flammability, explosion, and toxicity hazards. Containers may rupture violently when exposed to fire or excessive heat for a sufficient time.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Burning produces dense, irritating smoke, carbon monoxide, and carbon dioxide.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
Firefighters should wear full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing and avoid inhaling combustion products.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from spills and leaks, and keep them upwind. Take precautions against static discharge. Eliminate all ignition sources. No smoking, flames, sparks, or open flames in the immediate area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist and vapors. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.1.2 For emergency responders: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid direct contact with the material. Stop the leak if safe to do so. Move containers from the spill area. Prevent entry into sewers or waterways.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleanup:

6.3.1 For containment: Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles such as wood, paper, and oil) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, or confined areas.

6.3.2 For cleanup:

6.3.2.1 Small spill: Absorb with earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean the surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

6.3.2.2 Large spill: Stop the material flow if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material where possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand, or earth to soak up the product, then place it in a container for later disposal. After recovering the product, flush the area with water.

6.4 Other information: Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers.

6.5 Reference to other sections: See section 8 of the SDS for personal protection. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not allow contaminated work clothing out of the workplace. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store locked up in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place out of direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10).

7.3 Specific end use(s): Stabilizer is for gasoline and diesel engines only.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Great Britain WELs below are from HSE EH40/2005, fourth edition (2020), Table 1. All ten Section 3 ingredients are covered. TWA = 8-hour time-weighted average; STEL = 15-minute short-term exposure limit. Values apply to airborne exposure, not liquid concentration.

Substance	CAS No.	8-hour TWA	15-minute STEL	Basis/notation
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	25 ppm 123 mg/m³	50 ppm 246 mg/m³	GB EH40 Sk; BMGV
Glycerides, mixed decanoyl and octanoyl	73398-61-5	Not listed	Not listed	No ingredient-specific GB WEL identified
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (BHT)	128-37-0	10 mg/m³	Not listed	GB EH40
Methyl-1H-benzotriazole (Tolyltriazole)	29385-43-1	Not listed	Not listed	No ingredient-specific GB WEL identified

Substance	CAS No.	8-hour TWA	15-minute STEL	Basis/notation
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	108-01-0	2 ppm 7.4 mg/m³	6 ppm 22 mg/m³	GB EH40
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	25 ppm 125 mg/m³	Not listed*	GB EH40 trimethylbenzenes group limit†
Mesitylene (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene)	108-67-8	25 ppm 125 mg/m³	Not listed*	GB EH40 trimethylbenzenes group limit†
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	50 ppm 220 mg/m³	100 ppm 441 mg/m³	GB EH40 Sk; BMGV
Cumene (2-phenylpropane)	98-82-8	25 ppm 125 mg/m³	50 ppm 250 mg/m³	GB EH40 Sk
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	25 ppm 125 mg/m³	Not listed	GB EH40 trimethylbenzenes

Sk: significant skin absorption may contribute to systemic exposure. BMGV: a biological monitoring guidance value is available. Absence of a WEL or notation does not establish safety; control inhalation and skin exposure.

8.1.2 Biological monitoring

Substance	HSE biological monitoring guidance value	Sampling time
2-Butoxyethanol	240 mmol butoxyacetic acid/mol creatinine in urine	Post-shift
Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	650 mmol methyl hippuric acid/mol creatinine in urine	Post-shift

Source: EH40 Table 2. BMGVs support assessment of total uptake, including skin absorption; they are guidance values, not airborne WELs. Arrange monitoring and interpretation through a competent occupational health professional where indicated by the COSHH assessment.

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Ventilation and containment	Use adequate general ventilation and local exhaust ventilation at transfer, dosing or other release points where necessary to control vapours and mist at source and keep exposure below the relevant WELs. Minimize open handling and mist generation. Assess combined solvent exposure and skin uptake; bulk composition alone does not predict airborne exposure.
Assessment and monitoring	A task-specific COSHH assessment must determine controls for the quantity, temperature, duration and method of use. Monitor personal airborne exposure where needed to confirm control effectiveness; inspect and maintain ventilation. Cumene is listed as Carc. 1B in the supplied GB MCL list: control exposure to it as low as reasonably practicable, in addition to meeting its WEL.
Washing and emergency facilities	Provide handwashing facilities and suitable emergency eyewash close to the work area; provide an emergency shower where the exposure assessment indicates a risk of extensive skin contamination.

8.3 Individual protection measures

Eye and face protection	Wear chemical splash goggles. Add a face shield where splashing is likely, including bulk transfer or spill response. Select eye and face protection suitable for chemical splash exposure and the task. A face shield supplements goggles.
Hand protection	Wear chemical-resistant gloves meeting EN ISO 374. The MIB source recommends fluoroelastomer (Viton) gloves; confirm the selected glove model for both splash and prolonged contact with the complete mixture. Obtain manufacturer data for thickness, permeation, degradation and breakthrough time; no validated mixture-specific thickness or wear time has been supplied. Inspect before use; replace damaged or contaminated gloves and remove them without skin contact.
Skin and body protection	Wear protective clothing and footwear that prevent skin exposure. Select additional chemical-resistant body protection and boots for large-volume handling or spill response. Select flame protection where the task and fire risk require it. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash before reuse.
Respiratory protection	Where engineering controls cannot adequately control exposure, use RPE selected by a competent assessment. Select facepiece, assigned protection factor, Vapour filter type and capacity, and any mist/particle filtration for the actual exposure. Confirm filter suitability with the RPE supplier and set a change schedule; the Ethanol Shield cartridge recommendation is not validated for MIB. Use suitable supplied-air equipment or self-contained breathing apparatus for unknown or high concentrations, oxygen deficiency, or conditions outside filter limits. Fit-test tight-fitting RPE and train users in use, checks and maintenance.
Thermal hazards	Use suitable thermal protective clothing and equipment when handling hot material or during fire response. See Section 5 for firefighter protection.
Hygiene and contaminated equipment	Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after handling, after removing gloves and before breaks. Keep contaminated work clothing separate from personal clothing; launder before reuse. Clean contaminated footwear and reusable PPE before reuse, using methods that prevent further exposure.

8.4Environmental exposure controls

Release prevention	Prevent entry into drains, sewers, soil and waterways. Contain spills, process waste, contaminated absorbents and cleaning liquids. Assess ventilation emissions and any required abatement; comply with applicable GB discharge and waste controls. See Sections 6 and 13.

Sources for Section 8: HSE EH40/2005 (2020), Tables 1–2 and paragraph 14: https://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/priced/eh40.pdf; HSE RPE guidance: https://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/books/hsg53.htm.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1
Physical State: Liquid
Appearance: Various
Odor: Characteristic
Vapor Pressure: Not Available
Vapor Density (Air=1): >1
Specific Gravity (H2O=1): 0.75
Relative Density: Not Available
Odor Threshold: Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.
Evaporation rate: Not Available
Partition coefficient octanol/water: Not Available

Water Solubility: Insoluble
Melting point/freezing point: Not Available
Flash Point: 62°C c.c.
Boiling Point Range: 135-210°C
Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): 1%;
Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air): 10%
Viscosity: 2.03cSt @ 40°C
Autoignition Temperature: Not Available;
Decomposition temperature: Not Available;
pH: None

9.2 Other information: No data available.

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	May react with strong oxidizing agents. No mixture-specific reactivity tests supplied.
10.2 Chemical stability	Reported stable under normal handling and storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization has not been reported. Reaction with incompatible materials may generate heat or hazardous products.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Heat, sparks, flames and other ignition sources. Avoid incompatible materials. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, drill or heat containers containing residues.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Combustion can produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and irritating smoke.

Section 11- Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

ATEs

Exposure route	Source reported ATE
Oral	1200 mg/kg
Dermal	524.9 mg/kg
Inhalation “mist”	3.358 mg/L

Acute toxicity	OECD Guideline Test results found in the European Chemical Agency Database show that this product's components will cause: Oral: Harmful Toxicity. Dermal: Toxic Toxicity and Inhalation mist: Harmful Toxicity
Skin corrosion/irritation and serious eye damage/irritation	Skin irritation and serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No adequate mixture data or complete component assessment supplied.
Germ cell mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and reproductive toxicity	No adequate mixture data or complete component assessment supplied. Absence of classification cannot be established from the source’s unsupported general statements.
STOT single and repeated exposure	2-butoxyethanol exposure may cause STOT single exposure effects.
Aspiration hazard	H304 Aspiration Category 1
Likely routes, symptoms and delayed effects	Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact. Skin absorption may contribute to systemic exposure. See Section 4 for symptoms and first aid.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Product Name	Results	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 1490 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	EC50 1000 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2-butoxyethanol	EC50 1840 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Glycerides, mixed decanoyl, and octanoyl	EC50 2.2mg/l	Daphnia	24 hours
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	LC50 0.57 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	LC50 0.48 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
Benzotriazole	LC50 39 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-Dimethylaminoethanol	LC50 81 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Mesitylene	LC50 13 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Xylene	LC50 1.3 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Cumene	LC50 6.61 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	Not expected to be persistent in the environment.		

12.2 Persistence and degradability	Inconclusive technical data
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	Inconclusive technical data
12.4 Mobility in soil	Inconclusive technical data
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Inconclusive technical data
12.6 Other adverse effects	Inconclusive technical data

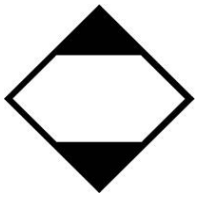
Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	Use an authorized hazardous waste contractor. Prevent discharge to drains, water or soil. Collect residues, absorbent and contaminated washings in compatible labelled containers. Do not reuse empty product containers; residues may remain hazardous. Determine waste classification and the appropriate waste code from the use and contamination. Follow the relevant waste requirements in England, Scotland or Wales.

Section 14 - Transport Information

14.1 ADR Transport Information

ID No.: UN 2810
Shipping Name: Toxic, liquids, organic, n.o.s.(2-butoxyethanol)
Hazard Class:6.1
Packing Group: III **Label:** Toxic
Placard: Toxic
Classification code: T1 **HIN:** 60



Use marking when shipping as a Limited Quantity ground in the UK

14.2 DOT Transport Limited Quantity

Inner packaging not over
5.0L net capacity each.
Outer Package not over 30kg each

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	Great Britain: UK REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as it applies in GB, Article 31 and Annex II; GB CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as it applies in GB; and the GB Mandatory Classification and Labeling List. The SDS is arranged using the current GB Annex II headings; it does not assert EU or Northern Ireland compliance. Workplace use: Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (COSHH), EH40 workplace exposure limits and Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 (DSEAR), where applicable. Transport: applicable carriage legislation, ADR and IMDG requirements. Waste: applicable national and devolved waste rules. Ingredient registration status,

Section 16 - Other Information

16.1Abbreviations

Acronym	Full name	Acronym	Full name
ADR	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	ATE	acute toxicity estimate
BMGV	biological monitoring guidance value	CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL	derived no-effect level	EC	European Community inventory number
EmS	IMDG emergency schedules	GB CLP	Great Britain classification, labelling and packaging regulation
GB MCL	Great Britain mandatory classification and labelling	IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic	PNEC	predicted no-effect concentration
STEL	short-term exposure limit	STOT	specific target organ toxicity
TWA	time-weighted average	vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WEL	workplace exposure limit		

16.8 Disclaimer: The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above is furnished on the condition that the person receiving it shall determine the product's suitability for their particular purpose and assume the risk of their use.

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Prepared by SJC Compliance Education, Inc.
133 N Friendswood Dr., #181
Friendswood, TX 77546
sjcedu1410@gmail.com

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET